United States Coast Guard



FOREIGN PASSENGER VESSEL PERIODIC CERTIFICATE OF COMPLIANCE EXAM PROCESS GUIDE

Name of Vessel	Keel Laid Date							
Hailing Port	Length	Draft						
Propulsion Type Diesel Electric □	Dual Fuel □ Ot	her □						
Ballast Water Management System □	Alternative Management	System □						
Approval No.								
Maximum Passengers	Maximum Persons							
	Officers & Examiners							
Team 1	Team 2							
Certified:	Certified:							
Trainee(s):	Trainee(s):							
Team 3	Team 4							
Certified:	Certified:							
Trainee(s):	Trainee(s):							

Use of the Periodic COC Exam Process Guide

This book is intended to be used by Coast Guard Port State Control (PSC) officers and examiners during Annual Certificate of Compliance (COC) examinations on foreign flagged passenger vessels. It contains the items that should be examined during a Periodic COC exam as outlined in CGTTP 3-72.10A, FPV COC Periodic Exam Tactics, Techniques, and Procedures. PSCO(s) may expand the scope of any exam when there are clear grounds for believing that the condition of the vessel or its equipment does not correspond substantially with the particulars of the certificates. Additionally, PSCO(s) should examine the vessel for any modifications affecting the vessel's structural fire protection and means of escape completed without approval by the Flag Administration or review by the USCG Marine Safety Center.

This job aid and corresponding Work Instruction specify requirements for the most recent editions of the relevant conventions, which may not apply due to the keel laid date of the vessel. The PSC team must pay close attention to the applicability dates when entering deficiency cites in the Scorecard. Observations that cannot be linked to specific statutory requirements should be further investigated in relation to the vessel's Safety Management System for potential noncompliance.

Duty to Record Deficiencies

All deficiencies identified by the PSC Team during the COC exam should be entered into the Scorecard for recording on the CG-5437B (Form B) and in the activity inspection results. This includes deficiencies rectified prior to the PSC Team's departure (i.e., Code 10c). Deficiencies that are considered prior to departure (i.e., Code 17) should be entered in the Scorecard with that code, and may be cleared with ink changes after printing. The code may not be changed.

Exam Prep Key

Team	Exam Location & Items to be Prepared	Drills Location
1	 Navigation Bridge Certificates & manuals available Environmental procedures & records available Security records available Safety equipment available 	Fire: Bridge/Safety Center Decision support system Communications Passenger Evacuation: Bridge/Safety Center GA/PA Safety briefing Abandon Ship: Inboard forward embarkation deck
2	Upper Accommodation Decks (i.e., passenger cabins, spas, salons, fitness centers, youth clubs, VIP lounges, restaurants, galleys) Means of escape plans available Master key available Fire detection & alarm systems test equipment ready Fire hoses ready for flow test Fire suppression system section valve test equipment ready	Fire: Staging area Fire teams Response teams Communications Passenger Evacuation: Stairways & corridors Crowd management Search of accommodation & public spaces Abandon Ship: Inboard aft embarkation deck
3	Lower Accommodation and Service Decks (i.e., I-95, bunker station, garbage room, medical center, workshops, laundries, crew cabins, mooring decks) Means of escape plans available Master key available Fire detection & alarm systems test equipment ready Fire suppression system section valve test equipment ready	Fire: On-scene Fire team(s) Fireman's outfits Passenger Evacuation: Stairways & corridors Crowd management Search of accommodation & public spaces Abandon Ship: Outboard forward embarkation deck
4	Engineering Spaces (i.e., ECR, steering gear rooms, emergency generator space, control stations) • Emergency generator ready to test • Oily water separator(s) ready to test	Fire: Engine control room Fire fighting system controls Watertight door controls Ventilation controls Passenger Evacuation: Muster stations Instructions posted Crowd management Abandon Ship: Outboard aft embarkation deck

Opening Meeting

	Introdu	actions								
Coast Guard Team		Ship's Leadership Team								
	Time	lines								
Expected completion of debarkation	Desired drill time	Completion of bunkering/dive ops	Scheduled departure time							
	Any other inspections	, surveys, or servicing								
CBP, USPHS	Flag/RO	Equipment servicing								
	Exam preparation questions									
Have any of the conditions	s of the ship or crew chan	ged since your email repo	ort?							
Are there any areas of the	ship our teams should av	oid due to quarantine, ma	aintenance, or repairs?							
Are there any work project	ts or maintenance we sho	uld know about before we	e begin our exam?							
Does your crew have all e	quipment ready to test sys	stems as outlined in the e	mail?							
Will the ship be able to low	ver all outboard lifeboats a	ind rescue boats?								
Can you energize the eme	ergency lighting circuit and	low-location lighting for t	the duration of the exam?							
Number of decks		Number of main vertical	zones							
Is there a designated area	for our team to consult ar	nd report during the exam	n?							
Do you have any question	s regarding the scope of t	oday's COC exam?								

DRILLS

1.	<u>Fir</u>	e Drill
		Verify the ship's drill meets SOLAS functional requirements.
		Verify the master and crew follow the recommended actions for the fire emergency.
		Staging area communications and teams report for duties
		Fireman's outfits contain protective clothing, boots, helmet, flashlight, axe, and SCBA
		Systems monitoring/controls in ECR
2.	Pa	ssenger Evacuation
		Summoning of crew & passengers using GA or PA
		Safety briefing
		Proficiency of crew assigned to passenger evacuation duties
		Ability to give clear reassuring orders
		 Ability to manage passengers in corridors, staircases, and passageways
		 Understanding the importance of and having the ability to maintain escape routes
		clear of obstructions
		o Knowledge of methods available for the evacuation of disabled persons and persons
		needing special assistance (i.e., passengers with medical needs or children)
		o Knowledge of methods of searching passenger accommodation and public spaces
		Muster station suitable for marshalling & instructing passengers, and has required
		markings and instructions posted
		Proficiency of crew assigned to muster stations
		 Importance of keeping order
		 Ability to use procedures for reducing and avoiding panic
		 Ability to use passenger lists or devices for evacuation counts
		Importance of passengers being suitably clothed when mustering
		Ability to check that passengers have donned their life jackets properly
3.	<u>Ab</u>	andon Ship Drill
		Verify the ship's drill meets SOLAS functional requirements
		Proficiency of crew assigned to embarkation station duties
		Emergency lighting, embarkation ladder(s), descent devices
		Survival craft stowage and launching/recovery arrangements
		Survival craft fittings and equipment, including test of propulsion & steering
		Survival craft markings (i.e., retro-reflective material, capacity, boat identification)
		Proficiency of crew assigned to liferaft launching/embarkation, including liferaft inflation
		Proficiency of crew assigned to lifeboat & rescue boat launching/embarkation
		Proficiency of person in charge of survival craft
		 Take charge of survival craft during & after launch
		 Operate survival craft engine
		 Manage survivors
		 Use locating devices
		 Apply first aid
		Launching of outboard lifeboats & rescue boat, including recovery of rescue boat

CREW PROFICIENCY AREAS FOR ALL DRILL TEAMS

Fire drill:

Controlling the operation of the ship & care for persons onboard at the operational level (STCW A-II/ 2 pg 123 & A-III/6 pg 179)

Medical: *First Aid: O2:

Medivac:

Crisis Management & Human Behavior (STCW A-V/2 pg 212)

Control Passengers: Evacuation: Communications:
Organized Shipboard Procedures: Control of Passengers: Optimized use of Resources:

Decision Support System

Basic Training (STCW A-VI/1 pg 241)

*See Control the operation of the ship above

Advanced firefighting (STCW A-VI/3 pg 255)

*See Control the operation of the ship above

Firefighting training: Firefighting Equipment Inspection: Firefighting Equipment

Servicing:

Standard of competence in medical first aid

*See Control the operation of the ship above

Passenger evacuation & Abandon ship:

Passenger ship emergency familiarization (STCW A-V/2 pg 211)

General Safety Features: Equipment Location: Conduct:

Elevator Use: Crew Language: Nonverbal:

Crowd Management (STCW A-V/2 pg 212)

Muster List:Equipment Assist Pax:Clear Orders:Crowd Techniques:Maintain Escape Routes:Search Spaces:

Keep Order: Avoid Panic:

Communications with passengers during an emergency (STCW A-V/2 pg 211)

Pax Nationality: Basic English: Hand Signals:

Safety Instructions: Announcements:

	•	rocedures for passengers (disabilitie	,
	Mobility Issues:	Service Animal:	Medical Equipment:
	Blind:	Deaf:	Medicine:
	feboat lowering and operati se Proficiency in survival craft and	on (running of engines & steering d rescue below	for inboard boats)
	aunch and recovery of rescue Proficiency in survival craft and	ue boat (running of engines & steed of rescue below	ering for inboard boats)
	urvival craft familiarity of du ee <i>Proficiency in survival craft</i>	ties & passenger interactions and rescue below	
S	afety familiarization (STCW A-	-VI/1 pg 241) *Some items also found	d in Basic Training
5	Symbols, Signs, Alarms:	Man Overboard:	*Fire/Smoke:
٨	Muster Stations / Escape:	Location/don lifejacket:	*Extinguisher:
*	Manual Call Points:	*Fire Stations:	Fire Door:
*	Medical Emergency:	Weather Tight Door:	Water Tight Door:
Е	Basic training (STCW A-VI/1 pg	g 241)	
L	.SA Types Onboard:	Survival Craft Equipment:	Protective Clothing:
1	Action Taken in the Water:	Dangers:	Fire Fighting Methods
E	Environmental Procedures:	Non-Hazardous:	Hazardous:
(Grey Water:	Black-Water:	
F	Proficiency in survival craft and	d rescue boats <i>(STCW A-VI/2 pg 24</i> 9))
٨	Markings:	Commands for Launching:	Engine:
F	Fire Extinguisher:	Steer by Compass:	Detectability:
F	Helicopter Rescue:	Hypothermia:	Radio:
٨	Marshalling Life-rafts:	Rescue Survivors:	SARTS:
F	First Aid:		
	MES (STCW A-VI/2 pg 249) *N above	MES is a survival craft and follows red	quired training outlined
F H M F	Fire Extinguisher: Helicopter Rescue: Marshalling Life-rafts: First Aid: MES (STCW A-VI/2 pg 249) *N	Steer by Compass: Hypothermia: Rescue Survivors:	Detectability: Radio: SARTS:

TEAM ONE

1.	Hull Walk Draft marks IMO number Load line					
2 .	Ship Certificates □ Certificates for MISL	E Data Entry				
	Certificate Type	Issuing Agency	Issued By Port	Issued Date	Expired Date	Expired Date
	Passenger Ship Safety Certificate (PSSC)					
	International Load Line Certificate (ILLC)					
	Safety Management Certificate (SMC)					
	International Oil Pollution Prevention Certificate (IOPP)					
	International Air Pollution Prevention Certificate (IAPP)					
	International Ship Security Certificate (ISSC)					
	Continuous Synopsis Record (CSR)					
	 Certificate of Registr Classification Docum International Tonnag ISM Document of Co (copy) Lifeboat/Tender Safe Certificate, as approj Polar Code Certificate 	nent e Certificate ompliance ety oriate		Minimum S Document Engine IAF Supplement Internation Certificate Internation System Ce	PP (EIAPP nts, for eac al Energy al Anti-Fo) & ch engine Efficiency
3.	Crew Training and Certific Meets Minimum Safe Document Crowd Management Crisis Management & Behavior Training	e Manning Training		Fast Rescrequipped Ship Secu		_

4.	Logs, Records, and Manuals	
	 SOLAS exemptions, equivalents, 	☐ Garbage Management plan
	or alternative arrangements	 Shipboard Oil Pollution
	□ Declaration of Security	Emergency Plan
	 Declaration of Inspection 	□ Oil Record Book
	 Damage control & stability plans 	Non-Tank Vessel Response
	☐ Training & drill logs (damage	Plan
	control, security, abandon ship,	□ Ballast Water Management Plan
	fire, emergency steering)	☐ Shipboard Energy Efficiency
	☐ MES training (participation every	Management Plan
	2 years)	□ Sewage and Graywater
	☐ Maintenance/servicing records	Discharge Record Book (for
	(liferaft/MES, lifesaving	Alaskan waters)
	equipment, firefighting systems,	□ CVSSA records (log of
	firefighting equipment)	complaints of crimes, crime
	□ SAR coordination plan□ Ship's log	scene preservation training)
	☐ Ship's log	
5.	Bridge Safety Arrangements	
	☐ Monitoring/control panels	□ Distress signals
	(Watertight doors, steering, fire	Safe Return to Port
	detection & alarm, fire doors,	arrangements (ships constructed
	ventilation, fixed firefighting)	after 1 July 2010 and ≥ 120 m)
	Line throwing appliances	
6.	Bridge Communications Arrangements	
	□ Distress alert panel	□ NAVTEX receiver
	☐ Global Maritime Distress and	□ EPIRB
	Safety System (GMDSS)	☐ Two-way SAR radio for
	□ VHF with Digital Selective	aeronautical frequencies
	Calling	☐ Reserve battery power
	□ SARTs	arrangements
7	Bridge Navigation Arrangements	
•	☐ Magnetic compass, deviation	□ Bridge Navigational Watch Alarm
	table	System
	□ ECDIS or nautical charts, and	 Electronic echo depth sounder
	publications	 Pitch indicator for thrusters
	□ 2 radars (9GHz/3GHz)	Rate of turn indicator
	□ ARPA	 Electronic position fixing device
	□ Daylight signaling lamp	□ LRIT
	 Means of taking bearings 	□ AIS
	☐ Gyrocompass	Voyage Data Recorder
	□ Illuminated gyrocompass	 Maneuvering fact sheet
	repeater	 Steering instructions
	 Illuminated rudder angle 	 Observe steering test
	indicator	

TEAM ONE

Potential Crew Proficiency Evaluation Areas for the Security Officer and Security Personnel (those with security related duties)

Random bridge and security personnel should be questioned (refrain from questioning escort), limit number of questions based on accuracy and confidence level of crewmember. Utilize vessel's safety questionnaire as a guide.

Demonstration of operation of equipment should be conducted only if there are clear grounds based on the assessment of crewmember's ability to use and knowledge of the equipment and not the operability of the equipment itself. *Demonstration of equipment should not be done if it compromises the safety of the personnel, the environment or equipment. *

- Implementation of Ship Security Plan
 - Knowledge of ISPS & MTSA
 - o Piracy/robbery
 - Reporting requirements
 - Security Levels
- Assess security risk, threat and vulnerability
 - Declaration of Security
 - Techniques used to circumvent security
 - Persons posing potential security risks

- Audits & Inspections
- Responding to security threats & breaches
- Recognition of weapons, dangerous substances & devices
- Crowd management
- Handling sensitive security information
- Coordinating searches
- Ensure Appropriate Security Measures are implemented
 - Monitoring and control of restricted areas
 - Monitoring deck areas and areas around the ship
 - Screening/handling of persons and ship 's stores
 - Control of embarkation/disembarkation

- Security equipment and limitations
- Ship security alert system
- Methods for testing,
 calibrating and maintaining
 systems and equipment
- Security training, drills and exercises

TEAM ONE

Potential Crew Proficiency Evaluation Areas for the Bridge Team

- Passenger Ship Emergency Familiarization
 - General safety features aboard the ship
 - Location of essential safety and emergency equipment
- Safety Familiarization
 - Communication with others
 - Emergency situation (person overboard, Fire/smoke, abandon ship)
 - Muster/embarkations stations and emergency escape routes
- Basic Training
 - Personal survival techniques
 - Principles concerning survival
 - Personal safety and social responsibilities
- Navigational Watch
 - Celestial navigation
 - Terrestrial and coastal navigation
 - Electronic systems of position fixing and navigation
 - o Echo sounders
 - Compass
- Responding to emergencies
- Respond to a distress signal
- Transmit visual signal
- Maneuver the ship
- Prevention of pollution of the marine environment and procedures

- Locate and don lifejackets
- Use of portable fire extinguishers
- Medical emergency
- Close/open fire, weathertight, and watertight doors

- Steering control systems
- Meteorology
- o Bridge resource management
- Radar navigation
- Navigation using ECDIS

TEAM TWO and TEAM THREE

Potential Crew Proficiency Evaluation Areas

Random personnel should be questioned (refrain from questioning escort), limit number of questions based on accuracy and confidence level of crewmember. Utilize vessel's safety questionnaire as a guide.

Demonstration of operation of equipment, should be based on performance of crewmember's ability to use the equipment and not the operability of the equipment itself. *Demonstration of equipment should not be done if it compromises the safety of the personnel, the environment or equipment. *

Passenger ship emergency familiarization (STCW A-V/2 pg 211)

General Safety Features: Equipment Location: Conduct:

Elevator Use: Crew Language: Nonverbal:

Safety familiarization (STCW A-VI/1 pg 241) *Some items also found in Basic Training

Symbols, Signs, Alarms: Man Overboard: *Fire/Smoke:

Muster Stations / Escape: Location/don lifejacket: *Extinguisher:

*Manual Call Points: *Fire Stations: Fire Door:

*Medical Emergency: Weather Tight Door: Water Tight Door:

Basic training (STCW A-VI/1 pg 241)

LSA Types Onboard: Survival Craft Equipment: Protective Clothing:
Action Taken in the Water: Dangers: Fire Fighting Methods:

Environmental Procedures: Non-Hazardous: Hazardous:

Grey Water: Black-Water:

Advanced firefighting (STCW A-VI/3 pg 255)

Servicing: Malfunctions: Fire Detectors:

Fire Suppression: Laundry: Flame Lockers:

Security (STCW A-VI/6 pg 265)

Terminology: Threats: Piracy:

Reporting: Levels: Restricted Areas:

Screening: Equipment: Evidence Preservation:

Recognition of weapons & Dangerous substances:

CVSSA

Lock Over ride: Peep Holes: Access:

Key Control: Embassy Info:

Environmental * see Basic Training above and MARPOL

ISM/SMS

Familiarization: Maintenance: Reporting:

TEAM FOUR

Potential Crew Proficiency Evaluation Areas

Random personnel should be questioned (refrain from questioning escort), limit number of questions based on accuracy and confidence level of crewmember. Utilize vessel's safety questionnaire as a guide.

Demonstration of operation of equipment, should be based on performance of crewmember's ability to use the equipment and not the operability of the equipment itself. *Demonstration of equipment should not be done if it compromises the safety of the personnel, the environment or equipment. *

Passenger ship emergency familiarization (STCW A-V/2 pg 211)

General Safety Features: Equipment Location: Conduct:

Elevator Use: Crew Language: Nonverbal:

Safety familiarization (STCW A-VI/1 pg 241) *Some items also found in Basic Training

Symbols, Signs, Alarms: Man Overboard: *Fire/Smoke:

Muster Stations / Escape: Location/don lifejacket: *Extinguisher:

*Manual Call Points: *Fire Stations: Fire Door:

*Medical Emergency: Weather Tight Door: Water Tight Door:

Basic training (STCW A-VI/1 pg 241)

LSA Types Onboard: Survival Craft Equipment: Protective Clothing:

Action Taken in the Water: Dangers: Fire Fighting Methods:

Environmental Procedures: Non-Hazardous: Hazardous:

Grey Water: Black-Water:

Advanced firefighting (STCW A-VI/3 pg 255)

Servicing: Malfunctions: Fire Detectors:

Fire Suppression: Laundry: Flame Lockers:

Security (STCW A-VI/6 pg 265)

Terminology: Threats: Piracy:

Reporting: Levels: Restricted Areas:

Screening: Equipment: Evidence Preservation:

Recognition of weapons & Dangerous substances:

Medical (STCW A-VI/4 pg 257 & ILO)

Injuries (various types): Diseases: Alcohol/Drug abuse:

Dental: OBGYN: Death at Sea:

Hygiene: Records: Medivac:

Medicine: Oxygen:

Environmental <i>* see Basic Tra</i>	aining above and MARPOL	
Non-Hazardous:	Hazardous:	Black water:
Grey Water:	Oil:	Air/Exhaust:
ISM/SMS		
Familiarization:	Maintenance:	Reporting:
Engineering at management	level(STCW A-III pg 145)	
Main Propulsion:	Fuel Shutdown:	Ventilation Shutdown:
Bilge Pumps:	Alarms:	Steering Gear:
Emergency Generator:	Transitional Battery:	
Extinguishers:	Fire Stations:	Call Points:
Fire Pumps:	Sprinkler Systems:	Mist Systems:
Fire Doors	Watertight Doors:	Counter Flooding:
Means of Escape:	Low Location Lighting:	Signage:
Notes:		

Table 9.1 Bulkheads not bounding either main vertical zones or horizontal zones (SOLAS Chapter II-2)

Spaces		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
Control Stations	(1)	B-0a	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-60	A-60	A-60	A-0	A-0	A-60	A-60	A-60	A-60
Stairways	(2)		A-0a	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-15	A-15	A-Oc	A-0	A-15	A-30	A-15	A-30
Corridors	(3)			B-15	A-60	A-0	B-15	B-15	B-15	B-15	A-0	A-15	A-30	A-0	A-30
Evacuation stations and external escape routes	(4)					A-0	A-60b,d	A-60b,d	A-60b,d	A-0d	A-0	A-60b	A-60b	A-60b	A-60b
Open deck spaces	(5)						A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0
Accommodation spaces of minor fire risk	(6)						B-0	B-0	B-0	O	A-0	A-0	A-30	A-0	A-30
Accommodation spaces of moderate fire risk	(7)							B-0	B-0	С	A-0	A-15	A-60	A-15	A-60
Accommodation spaces of greater fire risk	(8)								B-0	С	A-0	A-30	A-60	A-15	A-60
Sanitary and similar spaces	(9)									O	A-0a	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0
Tanks, voids and auxiliary machinery spaces having little or no fire risk	(10)											A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0
Auxiliary machinery spaces, cargo spaces, cargo and other oil tanks and other similar spaces of moderate fire risk	(11)											A-0a	A-0	A-0	A-15
Machinery spaces and main galleys	(12)												A-0a	A-0	A-60
Store-rooms, workshops, pantries, etc.	(13)													A-0a	A-0
Other spaces in which flammable liquids are stowed	(14)														A-30

Table 9.2 Decks not forming steps in main vertical zones nor bounding horizontal zones

(SOLAS Chapter II-2)

Spaces below Spaces above -)	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
Control Stations	(1)	A-30	A-30	A-15	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-15	A-30	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-60	A-0	A-60
Stairways	(2)	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-30	A-0	A-30
Corridors	(3)	A-15	A-0	A-0a	A-60	A-0	A-0	A-15	A-15	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-30	A-0	A-30
Evacuation stations and external escape routes	(4)	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0		A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0
Open deck spaces	(5)	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0		A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0
Accommodation spaces of minor fire risk	(6)	A-60	A-15	A-0	A-60	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0
Accommodation spaces of moderate fire risk	(7)	A-60	A-15	A-15	A-60	A-0	A-0	A-15	A-15	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0
Accommodation spaces of greater fire risk	(8)	A-60	A-15	A-15	A-60	A-0	A-15	A-15	A-30	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0
Sanitary and similar spaces	(9)	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0
Tanks, voids and auxiliary machinery spaces having little or no fire risk	(10)	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0a	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0
Auxiliary machinery spaces, cargo spaces, cargo and other oil tanks and other similar spaces of moderate fire risk	(11)	A-60	A-60	A-60	A-60	A-0	A-0	A-15	A-30	A-0	A-0	A-0a	A-0	A-0	A-30
Machinery spaces and main galleys	(12)	A-60	A-60	A-60	A-60	A-0	A-60	A-60	A-60	A-0	A-0	A-30	A-30a	A-0	A-60
Store-rooms, workshops, pantries, etc.	(13)	A-60	A-30	A-15	A-60	A-0	A-15	A-30	A-30	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0
Other spaces in which flammable liquids are stowed	(14)	A-60	A-60	A-60	A-60	A-0	A-30	A-60	A-60	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0	A-0

Notes: To be applied to tables 9.1 and 9.2 as appropriate.

a. Where adjacent spaces are in the same numerical category and superscript "a" appears, a bulkhead or deck between such spaces need not be fitted if deemed unnecessary by the Administration. For example, in category (12) a bulkhead need not be required between a galley and its annexed pantries provided the pantry bulkhead and decks maintain the integrity of the galley boundaries. A bulkhead is, however, required between a galley and machinery space even though both spaces are in category (12).

b. The ship's side, to the waterline in the lightest seagoing condition, superstructure and deckhouse sides situated below and adjacent to liferafts and evacuation slides may be reduced to "A-30"

c. Where public toilets are installed completely within the stainway enclosure, the public toilet bulkhead within the stainway enclosure can be of "B" class integrity.

d. Where spaces of categories (6), (7), (8) and (9) are located completely within the outer perimeter of the assembly station, the bulkheads of these spaces are allowed to be of "B-0" class integrity. Control positions for audio, video and light installations may be considered as part of the assembly station.

Space Categorization

Space Categories (1) through (10) as specified within SOLAS CH II-2/Reg 9.2.2.3 Fire integrity of bulkheads and decks in ships carrying more than 36 passengers

(1) Control stations

Spaces containing emergency sources of power and lighting, the ship's radio equipment, centralized fire alarm equipment, centralized emergency public address system stations and equipment, Wheelhouse and chartroom, Fire control stations, Control room for propulsion machinery when located outside the propulsion machinery space.

(2) Stairways

Interior stairways, lifts, totally enclosed emergency escape trunks, and escalators (other than those wholly contained within the machinery spaces) for passengers and crew and enclosures thereto. In this connection, a stairway which is enclosed at only one level shall be regarded as part of the space from which it is not separated by a fire door.

(3) Corridors

Passenger and crew corridors and lobbies

(4) Evacuation stations and external escape routes

Survival craft stowage area, Open deck spaces and enclosed promenades forming lifeboat and liferaft embarkation and lowering stations, Assembly stations, internal and external. External stairs and open decks used for escape routes. The ship's side to the waterline in the lightest seagoing condition, superstructure and deckhouse sides situated below and adjacent to the liferaft and evacuation slide embarkation areas

(5) Open deck spaces

Open deck spaces and enclosed promenades clear of lifeboat and liferaft embarkation and lowering stations. To be considered in this category, enclosed promenades shall have no significant fire risk, meaning that furnishings shall be restricted to deck furniture. In addition, such spaces shall be naturally ventilated by permanent openings. Air spaces (the space outside superstructures and deckhouses).

(6) Accommodation spaces of minor fire risk

Cabins, offices and dispensaries containing furniture and furnishings of restricted fire risk, Public spaces containing furniture and furnishings of restricted fire risk and having a deck area of less than 50 m2.

(7) Accommodation spaces of moderate fire risk

Spaces as in category (6) above but containing furniture and furnishings of other than restricted fire risk, Public spaces containing furniture and furnishings of restricted fire risk and having a deck area of 50 m2 or more, Isolated lockers and small store-rooms in accommodation spaces having areas less than 4 m2 (in which flammable liquids are not stowed), Motion picture projection and film stowage rooms, Diet kitchens (containing no open flame), Cleaning gear lockers and Laboratories (in which flammable liquids are not stowed), Pharmacies, Small drying rooms (having a deck area of 4 m2 or less), Specie rooms and Operating rooms.

Space Categorization

(8) Accommodation spaces of greater fire risk

Public spaces containing furniture and furnishings of other than restricted fire risk and having a deck area of 50 m2 or more, sale shops, Barber and beauty parlors, saunas

(9) Sanitary and similar spaces

Communal sanitary facilities, showers, baths, water closets, etc., Small laundry rooms, Indoor swimming pool area, Isolated pantries containing no cooking appliances in accommodation spaces, Private sanitary facilities shall be considered a portion of the space in which they are located.

(10) Tanks, voids, and auxiliary machinery spaces having little or no fire risk

Water tanks forming part of the ship's structure, Voids and cofferdams, Auxiliary machinery spaces which do not contain machinery having a pressure lubrication system and where storage of combustibles is prohibited, such as: ventilation and air-conditioning rooms; windlass room; steering gear room; stabilizer equipment room; electrical propulsion motor room; rooms containing section switchboards and purely electrical equipment other than oil-filled electrical transformers (above 10 kVA); shaft alleys and pipe tunnels; and spaces for pumps and refrigeration machinery (not handling or using flammable liquids). Closed trunks serving the spaces listed above, other closed trunks such as pipe and cable trunks.

(11) Auxiliary machinery spaces, cargo spaces, cargo and other oil tanks and other similar spaces of moderate fire risk

Cargo oil tanks. Cargo holds, trunkways and hatchways. Refrigerated chambers. Oil fuel tanks (where installed in a separate space with no machinery). Shaft alleys and pipe tunnels allowing storage of combustibles. Auxiliary machinery spaces as in category (10) which contain machinery having a pressure lubrication system or where storage of combustibles is permitted. Oil fuel filling stations. Spaces containing oil-filled electrical transformers (above 10 kVA). Spaces containing turbine and reciprocating steam engine driven auxiliary generators and small internal combustion engines of power output up to 110 kW driving generators, sprinkler, drencher or fire pumps, bilge pumps, etc. Closed trunks serving the spaces listed above.

(12) Machinery spaces and main galleys

Main propulsion machinery rooms (other than electric propulsion motor rooms) and boiler rooms. Auxiliary machinery spaces other than those in categories (10) and (11) which contain internal combustion machinery or other oil-burning, heating or pumping units. Main galleys and annexes Trunks and casings to the spaces listed above.

(13) Store-rooms, workshops, pantries, etc.

Main pantries not annexed to galleys. Main laundry. Large drying rooms (having a deck area of more than 4 m2). Miscellaneous stores. Mail and baggage rooms. Garbage rooms. Workshops (not part of machinery spaces, galleys, etc.). Lockers and store-rooms having areas greater than 4 m2, other than those spaces that have provisions for the storage of flammable liquids.

(14) Other spaces in which flammable liquids are stowed

Paint lockers. Store-rooms containing flammable liquids (including dyes, medicines, etc.). Laboratories (in which flammable liquids are stowed).